



99025002005000, 99025002005000

Catering trade: Apply for a permit

Heruntergeladen am 20.05.2025 https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/9521866/L100027

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99025002005000, 99025002005000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Catering trade: Apply for a permit
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	2/3b





Modul Sachverhalt

Handlungsgrundlage(n) - https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/__2.html - https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/__4.html

- https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/__14.html
- https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/_ 2.html
- https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/__4.html
- https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/__14.html

Teaser

Volltext

If you want to operate a restaurant business that serves alcohol, you generally need a restaurant license.

Irrespective of the restaurant permit discussed here and depending on your offer, you may have to fulfill further registration and licensing obligations, for example in accordance with the Trade, Commerce and Industry Regulation Act and the Crafts Code.

You operate a catering business if you commercially

* serve drinks (pub business) or prepared food (restaurant business) for consumption on the spot in a standing business, i.e. in a permanent establishment, or

* serve drinks or prepared food for consumption on the spot in a traveling trade (from a fixed business premises only for the duration of an event).

The prerequisite in any case is that the establishment is accessible to everyone.

You do not require a restaurant license if you only serve

- * non-alcoholic drinks,
- * free samples,
- * prepared food or
- * in conjunction with an accommodation establishment, drinks and prepared food to house guests.

to house guests.

Special regulations apply to Straußwirtschaften (§ 14 of the Restaurant Act [GastG]).





The permit is issued for a specific type of business (e.g. pub, discotheque, snack bar) and only applies to the rooms used for the business. A building permit may also be required.

Permission is also required for any expansion of the restaurant business and any changes to the premises.

In the case of civil law partnerships and commercial partnerships, a separate permit is required for each partner. In the case of legal entities and associations without legal capacity, however, only a single restaurant permit is required.

If you wish to take over an existing restaurant business requiring a permit from another person, you can be granted a temporary permit on revocation (usually for 3 months) until the final restaurant permit is issued (§11 GastG). With this permit, the business can also be taken over at short notice.

A permit to act as a deputy (§ 9 GastG) should be applied for if you wish to have the restaurant run by a deputy who will also be responsible to authorities and institutions. The deputy must meet the same criteria regarding personal reliability and suitability as you yourself.

		rr	•	1/ / /
u	OCK	++~	ım	Kontext
п				\mathbf{r}

Bearbeitungsdauer

Fristen

Formulare + Objekt Formular

Kurztext

If you want to operate a restaurant business that serves alcohol, you generally need a restaurant license.

Irrespective of the restaurant permit discussed here and depending on your offer, you may have to fulfill further registration and licensing obligations, for example in accordance with the Trade Regulation Act and the Crafts Code.

weiterführende Informationen

Hinweise (Besonderheiten)

The Restaurant Act only applies in the states of Bavaria, Berlin, Hamburg, Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania, North





Rhine-Westphalia, Rhineland-Palatinate and Schleswig-Holstein. The other nine states have enacted their own state restaurant laws.

Rechtsbehelf				
fachlich durch	freigegen	Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy and Ministry for Economic Affairs, Labor and Health Mecklenburg-Vorpommern		
fachlich am	freigegeben	19.02.2019		
Lagen Portalverbund				
zuständige Stelle				
Ansprechpunkt				