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Disposing of recyclable materials

Heruntergeladen am 08.06.2025

<https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/566/L100022>

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99001029004000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Disposing of recyclable materials
Leistungsbezeichnung II	Disposing of recyclable materials
Typisierung	3 - Bundesaufsichtsverwaltung: Regelung
Quellredaktion	Baden-Württemberg
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	
Leistungsgruppierung	
Verrichtungskennung	
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	
Fachlich freigegeben am	

Modul	Sachverhalt
Fachlich freigegeben durch	
Handlungsgrundlage	Verpackungsgesetz (VerpackG)
Teaser	Recyclable materials are materials that
Volltext	<p>Recyclable materials are materials that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reutilised after use, • converted into other products or • broken down into raw materials. <p>They can be recycled. This returns them to the economic cycle, which also saves CO₂ and energy.</p> <p>Recyclable materials should be recycled to the highest possible quality. This requires separation in two ways: Please carefully separate sales packaging into the individual fractions glass (so-called igloo containers), paper, cardboard, cardboard (paper bin) and the so-called lightweight packaging (yellow bag/yellow bin). Please also make sure to separate the individual components of packaging from each other. Many packages contain instructions on this. A yoghurt pot, for example, should be separated into plastic (actual pot), cardboard (band around the pot) and aluminium (lid). Separation has a significant impact on subsequent recycling. What is missed during separation is difficult to make up for later.</p> <p>Some districts already have a collection centre for recyclable materials. You can also dispose of so-called non-packaging of the same material, i.e. plastic items, separately there.</p>
Erforderliche Unterlagen	none
Voraussetzungen	none
Kosten	The dual systems organised under private law are responsible for the collection, disposal and recycling of sales packaging made of plastic, composites, glass or paper/cardboard/carton. There are no separate costs as the manufacturers have already paid for the

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subsequent recycling by the dual systems when placing the packaging on the market.

The costs for residual waste, organic waste and graphic paper made of paper, cardboard and paperboard are based on the municipal fee statutes. If you have any questions, please contact the public waste disposal organisation responsible for you.

Verfahrensablauf

You can dispose of recyclable materials:

- Used glass or paper at recycling centres or via containers such as the so-called igloo containers. Make sure that used glass is separated by colour. Blue glass must go in the bin for green glass. Only glass that was used as sales packaging belongs in the containers. Other products made of glass, such as crockery, vases or mirrors, must not be disposed of in the glass container, as the glass has a different composition and the recycling process could be impaired or made completely impossible.
 - Cans, drinks cartons, plastic cups, foil packaging in the yellow bag or in the yellow bin.
- In some rural or urban districts, you can also dispose of all other recyclable materials that are not packaging, such as plastic crockery, children's toys, frying pans, in special recycling bins (non-packaging of the same material). Otherwise, you must hand them in at the recycling centres or dispose of them with the residual waste.
- Organic waste in the organic waste bin.
 - Via private recycling companies: for large, non-household quantities.

Some associations also organise the collection of waste paper/cardboard/cardboard.

Ask your local council or district administration how or where you can dispose of recyclables in your municipality.

Most urban and rural districts publish waste calendars. These will tell you the collection dates and types of

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	collection.
Bearbeitungsdauer	different
Frist	none
weiterführende Informationen	
Hinweise	none
Rechtsbehelf	<p>If you have any problems with residual waste, bulky waste, organic waste or waste paper, please contact the relevant public waste disposal organisation.</p> <p>In contrast, the dual systems organised under private law are responsible for the collection, disposal and recycling of sales packaging made of plastic, composites, glass or paper, cardboard and carton and have generally commissioned a private waste disposal company to collect it.</p> <p>Your public waste management organisation can tell you who you can contact if you have any problems.</p> <p>You can often also find the relevant information on the homepage of the responsible public waste management organisation.</p>
Kurztext	
Ansprechpunkt	
Zuständige Stelle	
Formulare	
Ursprungsportal	