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# Pharmacist with training from EU/EEA/Switzerland, recognise professional qualification

Heruntergeladen am 18.06.2025 https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/298521124/L100012

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99150047001000, 99150047001000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Pharmacist with training from EU/EEA/Switzerland, recognise professional qualification
Leistungsbezeichnung II	Pharmacist with training from EU/EEA/Switzerland, recognise professional qualification
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Schleswig-Holstein
Freigabestatus Katalog	fachlich freigegeben (gold)
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	fachlich freigegeben (gold)
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Anerkennung Ausländischer Berufsqualifikationen (150)
Verrichtungskennung	Erteilung (001)





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SDG-Informationsbereich	Anerkennung von Qualifikationen zum Zwecke der Beschäftigung in einem anderen Mitgliedstaat
Lagen Portalverbund	Anerkennung ausländischer Berufsqualifikationen (1040400), Berufsausbildung (1030200)
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Ja
Fachlich freigegeben am	07.12.2021
Fachlich freigegen durch	Federal Institute for Vocational Education and Training Federal Ministry of Health
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bapo/2.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/aappo/20.html
Teaser	You would like to work as a pharmacist in Germany? Then you need a state licence, the Approbation. You can also obtain the Approbation with a foreign professional qualification. To do so, you must have your professional qualification recognised.
Volltext	The profession of pharmacist is regulated in Germany. This means that in order to be able to work as a pharmacist in Germany without restriction, you need a license to practice. The Approbation is the state approval for the profession. This means that you are not allowed to work independently as a pharmacist without an Approbation.  Even with a professional qualification from a country of the European Union (EU), the European Economic Area (EEA) or Switzerland, you can obtain the Approbation in Germany.  In order to obtain the licence to practise, you must have your foreign professional qualification recognised.  In the recognition procedure, the competent authority compares your professional qualification from abroad with the German professional qualification and checks the equivalence. The equivalence of the professional qualification is an important prerequisite for the granting of the licence to practise medicine.  As a rule, a professional qualification from the EU, the EEA or Switzerland is automatically recognised when you apply for a licence to practise medicine. However,





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there may be deviations from this rule. This depends on the state in which you completed your training and at what time. If you started your professional training after the EU/EEA accession of your country of training, your professional qualification will be automatically recognised.

If your professional qualification does not originate from the EU, the EEA or Switzerland, other regulations apply.

In addition to the equivalence of the professional qualification, you must meet other requirements for the granting of the permit. Further requirements are, for example, sufficient German language skills and health suitability.

You can also submit the application for the procedure from abroad.

# Erforderliche Unterlagen

The relevant office will provide information on what documents you need to submit. Important documents are generally:

- Proof of identity (identity card or passport).
- Marriage certificate (if your name has changed due to marriage)
- Curriculum vitae
- Proof of education
- Evidence of the content of your education:
- Evidence of your relevant professional experience as a pharmacist (e.g. references)
- Information as to whether you have already applied for a licence to practise pharmacy in Germany
- You do not yet live or work in Germany? Then you may have to prove You want to work in Germany in the profession. Proofs are e.g. applications for a job, invitations to job interviews, personal statement You only need to submit the following documents if your professional qualification was completed before a certain date (cut-off date). The competent office will inform you:
- Certificate of Conformity
- Certificate pursuant to Section 4, Paragraph 1b of the Federal Pharmacists' Regulations that the applicant has exercised a pharmaceutical activity for at least three years without interruption during the last five years prior to the issue of the certificate.

You usually hand in these documents later. The





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	competent office will inform you when to hand in the documents:  • Proof of your personal suitability: criminal record extract or certificate of good conduct from your country of origin. The proof must not be older than 3 months at the time of application.  • Proof of your health suitability: Medical certificate. The certificate must not be older than 3 months at the time of application.  • Proof of your German language skills: Language certificate.  The competent office will inform you which documents you have to submit as a simple copy, a certified copy or the original.  If your documents are not in German, you must submit German translations of your documents. The translations must be done by translators who are publicly appointed or authorised.
Voraussetzungen	<ul> <li>You have a professional qualification as a pharmacist from the EU, the EEA or Switzerland.</li> <li>You want to work as a pharmacist in Germany.</li> <li>Personal suitability: You are reliable for work as a pharmacist and have no criminal record.</li> <li>Health suitability: You are mentally and physically able to work as a pharmacist.</li> <li>You have German language skills at the required level. This is usually general language skills at level B2 according to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) and medical language skills at level C1.</li> </ul>
Kosten	The responsible office will inform you about the costs. The costs generally depend on the time and effort required for processing. Additional costs may arise (e.g. for translations or certifications). These costs vary individually.
Verfahrensablauf	You submit an application for a licence to practise as a pharmacist to the competent authority. You can hand in the application with the documents to the competent body or send it by post. Do not send originals. Sometimes you can send the application electronically. The competent body will inform you. The

competent office will then check whether your training





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corresponds to the German training and whether all other requirements are met.

As a rule, the procedure of automatic recognition applies if you started your vocational training after the EU/EEA accession of your country of training. This means that if you also meet all other requirements, your professional qualification will be recognised without an individual equivalence test.

Vocational training courses that you started before the EU/EEA accession of your training state (or that do not correspond to the legal designations) can also be automatically recognised. To do so, you must submit a certificate from the competent authority in your country of training stating that your professional qualification meets the minimum EU standards ("certificate of conformity"). If your professional qualification does not meet the minimum standards, you must provide evidence of your professional experience. You must have worked as a pharmacist in your country of origin for an uninterrupted period of 3 years in the 5 years preceding your application. This must be confirmed by the competent authority in your country of origin.

If you cannot provide a certificate of conformity or do not have enough professional experience, your training must be checked individually. The competent body will compare your professional qualification from abroad with the German professional qualification. The competent body checks whether your professional qualification is equivalent. The professional qualification is equivalent if there are no significant differences between your foreign professional qualification and the German professional qualification.

If your professional qualification is equivalent, your foreign professional qualification will be recognised. The authorities can confirm the result to you in writing. You still have to meet the other requirements and prove your language skills. Then you will be granted your licence to practise as a pharmacist.

Are there any significant differences between your professional qualification and the German professional qualification? Perhaps you can compensate for the differences through your professional practice, other knowledge or skills (lifelong learning). You have to





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	prove the professional practice. Knowledge and skills must be certified by an authority of the state in which you acquired the knowledge or skills. However, it may not be possible to compensate for the substantial differences with this knowledge. The competent authority will tell you what the substantial differences are and why you cannot make up the substantial differences through your professional experience.  The decision of the competent body will also state the level of your training and the level required in Germany. You are then not allowed to work as a pharmacist in Germany.  If your professional qualification is not equivalent and you cannot compensate for the differences, you can take an aptitude test. The aptitude test examines the main differences in your professional qualification. The aptitude test is an oral examination.  If you pass the qualifying examination and meet all other requirements, you will be granted a licence to practise as a pharmacist.
Bearbeitungsdauer	3 Monat(e) The competent body will confirm that your application and documents have arrived after a maximum of one month. The competent body will inform you if any documents are missing. In the case of automatic recognition, the procedure takes a maximum of 3 months.
Frist	None. Sometimes documents are still missing from the procedure. The competent office will then inform you by when you have to submit the documents. This may prolong the procedure.
weiterführende Informationen	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bapo/anlage.html https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de/html/de/f inanzielle-foerderung.php https://www.justiz-dolmetscher.de/Recherche/ https://www.europaeischer-referenzrahmen.de/ https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bvfg/10.html
Hinweise	You only want to offer services in Germany sometimes and for a short time? Then you usually do not need state permission. You must meet these requirements:





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	<ul> <li>You must be established in another state of the EU, the EEA or Switzerland.</li> <li>You must provide proof of your professional qualification.</li> <li>You must notify the competent body of your activity in writing.</li> <li>The competent body will inform you.</li> <li>You can apply for a European Professional Card (EPC).</li> <li>You can apply online on the website of the European Commission. The European Professional Card is an electronic procedure for the recognition of professional qualifications. It is only valid for EU countries and for certain professions.</li> <li>In the approval procedure, the equivalence of your training is examined (recognition procedure). You can apply for a separate notification for the result of the examination.</li> <li>As a late repatriate, you can either go through the recognition procedure according to the laws mentioned here or according to the Federal Expellees Act. You can decide this yourself. The competent office will advise you which procedure suits you best.</li> </ul>
Rechtsbehelf	You can take legal action (e.g. file an objection) against the decision of the competent body within a certain period of time. The decision will then be reviewed. Details on this can be found in the appeal instructions at the end of your decision. We recommend that you first talk to the responsible office before taking legal action against the decision.
Kurztext	<ul> <li>Pharmacist with training from EU/EEA/Switzerland, recognise professional qualification</li> <li>To work as a pharmacist in Germany, you need a state licence (Approbation).</li> <li>With an Approbation, one may work as a pharmacist.</li> <li>Even with a professional qualification from the European Union (EU), the European Economic Area (EEA) or Switzerland, you can obtain an Approbation in Germany.</li> <li>It is important where and when you acquired your professional qualification.</li> </ul>
Ansprechpunkt	https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de/html/de/beratung.php





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	https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de/html/de/beratungssuche.php https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de/html/de/hotline.php https://www.anerkennung-in-deutschland.de/html/de/zentrale-servicestelle-berufsanerkennung.php
Zuständige Stelle	
Formulare	
Ursprungsportal	Apothekerin oder Apotheker mit Ausbildung aus EU/EWR/Schweiz, Berufsqualifikation anerkennen, Pharmacist with training from EU/EEA/Switzerland, recognise professional qualification