

99090013013001, 99090013013001

Mugwort ragweed: Recognize, report, control

Heruntergeladen am 02.06.2025

<https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/224403494/L100012>

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99090013013001, 99090013013001
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Mugwort ragweed: Recognize, report, control
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Schleswig-Holstein
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Naturschutz (090)
Verrichtungskennung	Informationserteilung (013)
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	Klima, Natur und Arten (1170100), Tier-, Pflanzen- und Naturschutz (2130200)

Modul	Sachverhalt
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein
Fachlich freigegeben am	
Fachlich freigegeben durch	
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bnatschg_2009/_40.html
Teaser	Ragweed can cause severe hay fever. It should therefore be removed as soon as it is discovered.
Volltext	**Ragweed** (ragweed, ragweed, wild hemp, ragweed) originates from the north-eastern United States and is increasingly spreading in Europe. The plant has now also been discovered in some areas of Germany. The inconspicuous plant can trigger severe hay fever and in some cases asthma through inhalation of the pollen or skin contact. The annual plant is a late bloomer and can flower from July to October. It develops mainly in open areas in fields, on roadsides and in gardens (especially at bird feeders). Remove the plant and its roots immediately. Wear gloves for this. The use of a dust mask is recommended for flowering plants. Dispose of the plants in a plastic bag in the household waste. Allergy sufferers should not carry out this work!
Erforderliche Unterlagen	
Voraussetzungen	
Kosten	
Verfahrensablauf	
Bearbeitungsdauer	
Frist	
weiterführende Informationen	

Modul
Sachverhalt
Hinweise

The mugwort has a growth height of 30 - 150 cm, has a taproot and green, strongly incised leaves on both sides. The triangular to oval leaves are hairy with whitish veins. There is no odor when the leaves are rubbed. The stem is white - reddish, hairy and very strongly branched. The plant bears both male and female flowers; the male flowers form a spike-like raceme at the end of the branches, each with 5 - 20 tubular yellow-green flowers in a hemispherical sheath. The female flowers are greenish and sit below the male flowers, with an inverted conical involucre. It is often confused with common mugwort, Verlot's mugwort, wormwood, amaranth, goosefoot or dog's foot chamomile.

Further information on common ragweed can be found on the website of the Julius Kühn Institute (JKI).
<https://pflanzengesundheit.julius-kuehn.de/index.php?menuid=60&reporeid=118>
<https://pflanzengesundheit.julius-kuehn.de/index.php?menuid=60&reporeid=118>

Rechtsbehelf
Kurztext
Ansprechpunkt

To the State Office for the Environment of Schleswig-Holstein (LfU).

Zuständige Stelle
Formulare
Ursprungsportal

Mugwort ragweed: Recognize, report, control,
 Beifußblättrige Ambrosie: Erkennen, Melden,
 Bekämpfen